

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1 1. In a public key encryption system, a method for selecting a current
2 secret key to be used to encrypt a message, the method comprising:
3 determining whether a new secret key is required;
4 if a new secret key is required:
5 generating the new secret key;
6 generating a new encrypted secret key by encrypting the new secret
7 key using a public key associated with a recipient of the message;
8 storing in a local data store the new secret key as a reusable secret key,
9 the new encrypted secret key as a corresponding reusable encrypted secret key, and counter
10 data associated with the reusable secret key; and
11 selecting as the current secret key the new secret key; and
12 if a new secret key is not required:
13 retrieving from the local data store a reusable secret key and the
14 corresponding reusable encrypted secret key;
15 updating the counter data associated with the reusable secret key in the
16 local data store; and
17 selecting as the current secret key the reusable secret key.

1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising storing in the local data
2 store state information associated with a cryptographic algorithm in which the reusable secret
3 key is applied.

1 3. The method of claim 1, wherein determining whether a new secret key
2 is required comprises:
3 determining whether a previous message has been sent to the recipient;
4 if a previous message has not been sent to the recipient, determining that a
5 new secret key is required; and
6 if a previous message has been sent to the recipient:
7 retrieving the counter data from the local data store; and
8 comparing the counter data to a reuse criterion;
9 if the counter data satisfies the reuse criterion, determining that a new
10 secret key is not required; and

11 if the counter data fails to satisfy the reuse criterion, determining that a
12 new secret key is required.

1 5. The method of claim 3, wherein the reuse criterion comprises a
2 maximum number of bytes of message data and the counter data comprises a cumulative
3 number of bytes of message data previously sent using the reusable secret key.

1 6. The method of claim 3, wherein the reuse criterion comprises a
2 maximum amount of elapsed time and the counter data comprises an amount of elapsed time
3 since the reusable secret key was generated.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
encrypting the message using the current secret key; and
sending the encrypted message and the encrypted secret key.

8. In a public key enveloping system, a method of decrypting a received message comprising:

extracting an encrypted secret key from the received message;
determining whether the encrypted secret key was previously decrypted;
if the encrypted secret key was not previously decrypted:

decrypting the encrypted secret key; and

storing the encrypted secret key and the decrypted secret key in a local

8 data store;

if the encrypted secret key was previously decrypted, re-

10 secret key from the local data store; and

decrypting the message using the decrypted secret key.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein determining whether the encrypted secret key was previously decrypted comprises:

searching for the encrypted secret key in the local data store;

if the encrypted secret key is found in the local data store, determining that the secret key was previously decrypted; and

6 if the encrypted secret key is not found in the local data store, determining that
7 the encrypted secret key was not previously decrypted.